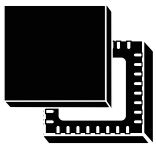
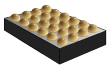
ST33KTPM2I

Data brief

STSAFE-TPM for consumer and industrial applications



UFQFPN32 WF (5 × 5 × 0.55 mm)



WLCSP24 (1.8 × 2.5 × 0.40 mm)

Product status
ST33KTPM2I

Features

TPM features

- Flash-memory-based trusted platform module (*TPM*)
- Compliant with trusted computing group (*TCG*) trusted platform module (*TPM*) library specifications 2.0, revision 1.59 errata version 1.4 and *TCG* PC client platform *TPM* profile (PTP) for *TPM* 2.0 version 1.05
- Fault-tolerant firmware loader that keeps the *TPM* fully functional when the loading process is interrupted (self-recovery)
- SP800-193 compliant for protection, detection and recovery requirements
- Targeted certifications:
  - Common Criteria EAL4+ compliance with the *TPM* 2.0 protection profile (augmented with AVA_VAN.5, resistant to high attack potential)
  - FIPS 140-3
  - *TCG* certification
- *SPI* support at up to 48 MHz
- *I²C* support at up to 1 MHz

Hardware features

- Highly reliable flash memory with error correction code
- Extended temperature range: −40 °C to 105 °C
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection up to 4 kV (HBM)
- 1.8 V or 3.3 V supply voltage range

Security features

- Active shield
- Monitoring of environmental parameters
- Hardware and software protection against fault injection and side channel attacks
- *FIPS* SP800-90A and AIS20-compliant deterministic random-bit generator (DRBG)
- *FIPS* SP800-90B and AIS31-compliant true random-number generator (TRNG)
- Cryptographic algorithms:
  - *RSA* key generation (1024, 2048, 3072 and 4096 bits)
  - *RSA* signature (RSASSA-PSS, RSASSA-PKCS1v1_5)
  - *RSA* encryption (RSAES-OAEP, RSAESPKCS1-v1_5)
  - SHA-1, SHA-2 (256 and 384 bits), SHA-3 (256 and 384 bits)
  - *HMAC* SHA-1, SHA-2 and SHA-3
  - AES-128,192 and 256 bits
  - *ECC* (NIST P-256, P-384 curves): key generation, *ECDH* and *ECDSA*, ECSchnorr
  - ECDAA (BN-256 curve)
- Device provided with 3 endorsement keys (*EK*) and *EK* certificates (RSA2048, *ECC NIST* P_256 and *ECC NIST* P_384)
- Device provisioned with three 2048-bit *RSA* key pairs to reduce the *TPM* provisioning time

Product targeted compliance

- Compliant with Microsoft® Windows® 10 and 11
- Compliant with Linux® drivers
- Compliant with Intel® vPro® technology
- Compliant with *TCG* test suite for *TPM* 2.0
- Compliant with the open-source *TCG TPM* 2.0 TSS implementation

1 Description

The STSAFE-TPM (trusted platform module) family of products offers a broad portfolio of standardized solutions for embedded, PC, mobile, and computing applications. STSAFE is an ST trademark.

It includes turnkey products compliant with the trusted computing group (*TCG*) standards that provide services to protect the confidentiality, integrity and authenticity of information and devices.

These devices are easy to integrate thanks to the variety of supported interfaces and the availability of *TPM* ecosystem software solutions.

The STSAFE-TPM devices target all Common Criteria (EAL4+) and FIPS certifications.

The ST33KTPM2I, by default, offer two exclusive configurations:

- a slave serial peripheral interface (*SPI*)
- a target I²C interface.

Both of these configurations are compliant with the *TCG PC Client TPM Profile* specifications.

It offers resilience services during the *TPM* firmware upgrade process, and self-recovery of *TPM* firmware and critical data upon failure detection.

The ST33KTPM2I operates in the –40 °C to 105 °C extended temperature range.

The ST33KTPM2I devices are offered in Ecopack2 packages.

The ST33KTPM2I devices are qualified for industrial and consumer applications and are offered in TCG standardized UFQFPN32 wettable flanks and WLCSP24 packages.

2 Pin and signal description

2.1 TCG standard package

2.1.1 UFQFPN32 pin and signal description

The figure below gives the pinout of the UFQFPN32 package in which the devices are delivered. Table 1 describes the associated signals.

Figure 1. UFQFPN32 pinout

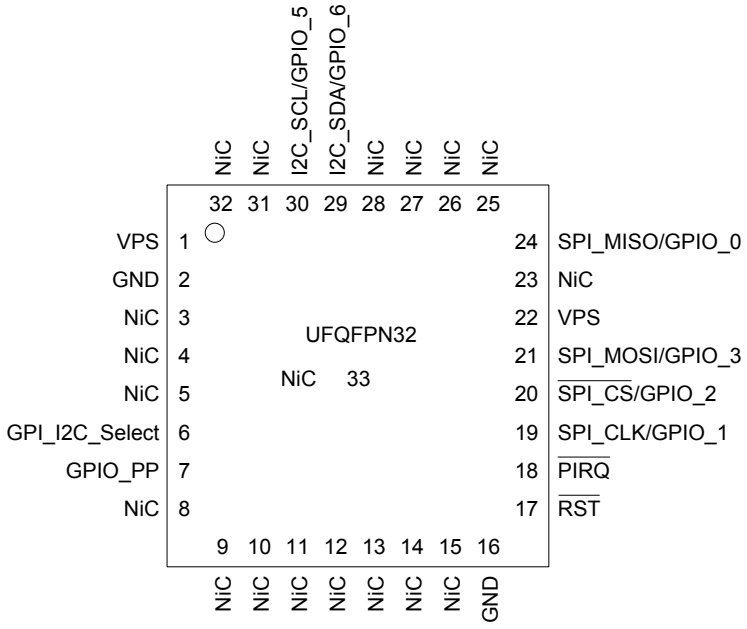


Table 1. UFQFPN32 descriptions

Signal	Type	Description
VPS	Input	**Power supply**. This pin must be connected to 1.8 V or 3.3 V DC power rail supplied by the motherboard.
GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
$\overline{\text{RST}}$	Input	**Reset**, active low, used to re-initialize the device. Must not be unconnected. External pull-up resistor required if it cannot be driven.
SPI_MISO/GPIO_0	Output(1)	***SPI* master input, slave output** (output from slave) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
SPI_MOSI/GPIO_3	Input(1)	***SPI* master output, slave input** (output from master) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
SPI_CLK/GPIO_1	Input(1)	***SPI* serial clock** (output from master) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
$\overline{\text{SPI\_CS}}$/GPIO_2	Input(1)	***SPI* chip (or slave) select**, internal pull-up (active low; output from master) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
$\overline{\text{PIRQ}}$	Output	**IRQ**, active low, open drain, used by the *TPM* to generate an interrupt
GPIO_PP	Input	**Physical presence**, active high, internal pull-down. Used to indicate physical presence to the *TPM*.
GPI_I2C_Select	Input	This pin must be connected to an external pull-down resistor to activate the *I²C* protocol during product boot time. It can remain unconnected for the *SPI* protocol. This pin is internal pull-up by default and becomes internal floating after *I²C* activation.
NiC	-	**Not internally connected**: not connected to the die. May be left unconnected but no impact on *TPM* if connected.
I2C_SDA/GPIO_6	Input/ output(1)	**Bidirectional *I²C* serial data** (open drain without a weak pull-up resistor) / General-purpose input/output if *SPI* is activated
I2C_SCL/GPIO_5	Input(1)	**Input *I²C* serial clock** (open drain without a weak pull-up resistor) / General-purpose input/output if *SPI* is activated

1. *In GPIO configuration, this signal is Input/output.*

Note: The UFQFPN32 package has a central pad (PIN33) on the bottom, which is not connected to the die. This pin does not impact the TPM, be it connected or not.

2.2 Optimized packages

2.2.1 WLCSP24 ballout and signal description

The figures below show the WLCSP24 ballout, and Table 2 provides the ball description.
This package is available for the ST33KTPM2I device .

Figure 2. WLCSP24 ballout - top view through package

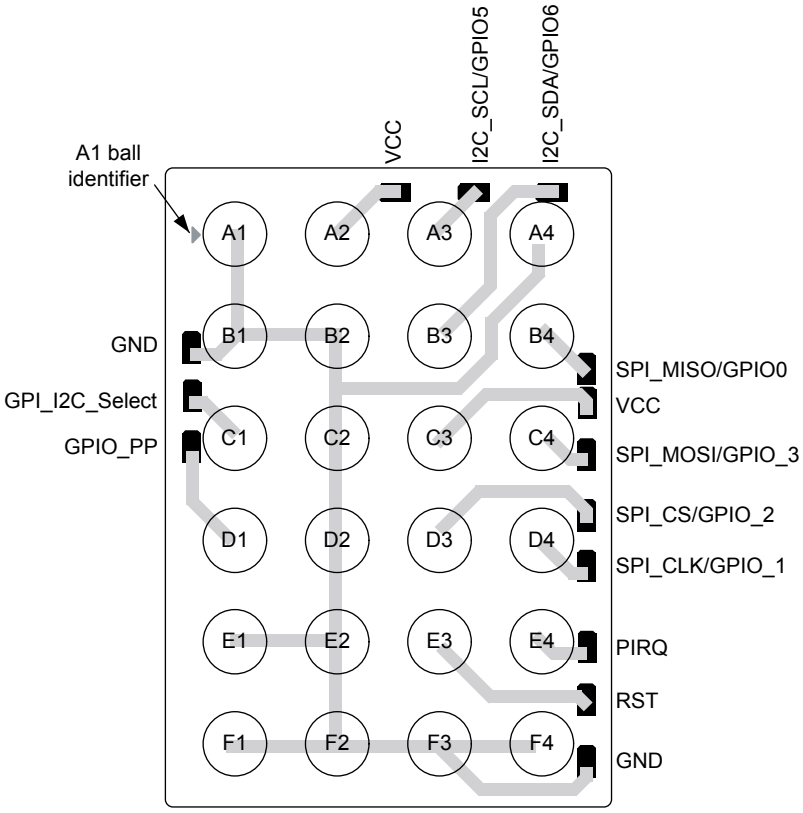


Table 2. WLCSP24 ball description

Ball number	Signal	Type	Description
A1	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
A2	VCC	Input	**Power supply**. This pin must be connected to 1.8 V or 3.3 V DC power rail supplied by the motherboard.
A3	I2C_SCL/ GPIO_5	Input(1)	**Input *I²C* serial clock** (open drain without a weak pull-up resistor) / General-purpose input/output if *SPI* is activated
A4	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
B1	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
B2	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
B3	I2C_SDA/ GPIO_6	Input/output(1)	**Bidirectional *I²C* serial data** (open drain without a weak pull-up resistor) / General-purpose input/output if *SPI* is activated
B4	SPI_MISO/ GPIO_0	Output	***SPI* master input, slave output** (output from slave) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
C1	GPI_I2C_Select	Input	This pin must be connected to an external pull-down resistor to activate the *I²C* protocol during product boot time. It can remain unconnected for the *SPI* protocol. This pin is internal pull-up by default and becomes internal floating after *I²C* activation.
C2	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
C3	VCC	Input	**Power supply**. This pin must be connected to 1.8 V or 3.3 V DC power rail supplied by the motherboard.
C4	SPI_MOSI/ GPIO_3	Output(1)	***SPI* master output, slave input** (output from master) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
D1	GPIO_PP	Input	**Physical presence**, active high, internal pull-down. Used to indicate physical presence to the *TPM*.
D2	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
D3	$\overline{\text{SPI\_CS}}$/ GPIO_2	Input(1)	***SPI* chip (or slave) select**, internal pull-up (active low; output from master) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
D4	SPI_CLK/ GPIO_1	Input(1)	***SPI* serial clock** (output from master) / General-purpose input/output if I^2C is activated
E1	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
E2	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
E3	$\overline{\text{RST}}$	Input	**Reset**, active low, used to re-initialize the device. Must not be unconnected. External pull-up resistor required if it cannot be driven.
E4	$\overline{\text{PIRQ}}$	Output	**IRQ**, active low, open drain, used by the *TPM* to generate an interrupt
F1	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
F2	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
F3	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.
F4	GND	Input	**Ground**, has to be connected to the main motherboard ground.

1. *In GPIO configuration, this signal is Input/output.*

3 Electrical integration guidance

This section gives some guidance on how to integrate the ST33KTPM2I device in an application.

3.1 Recommended power supply filtering

The power supply of the device should be filtered using the circuit shown in the figure below.

Figure 3. Recommended filtering capacitors on V_{CC}

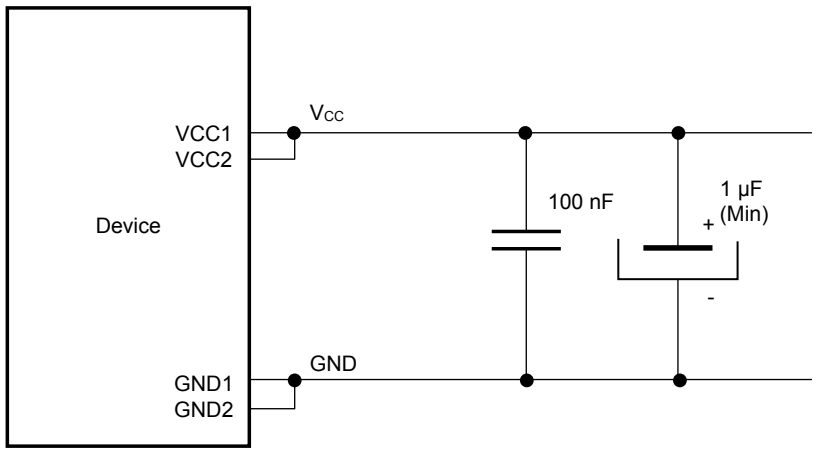


Table 3. V_{CC} rising slope

Data based on design simulation and/or characterization results, not tested in production.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
S_{VCC}	V_{CC} rising slope	2	-	$2 \cdot 10^3$	V/ms

Note: Measurement must be done between 1.36 V and 1.62 V. If V_{CC} rising slope requirement is unreachable for the concerned platform or if there is any other noisy environment at boot, a "power-on reset and warm reset sequence" must be run.

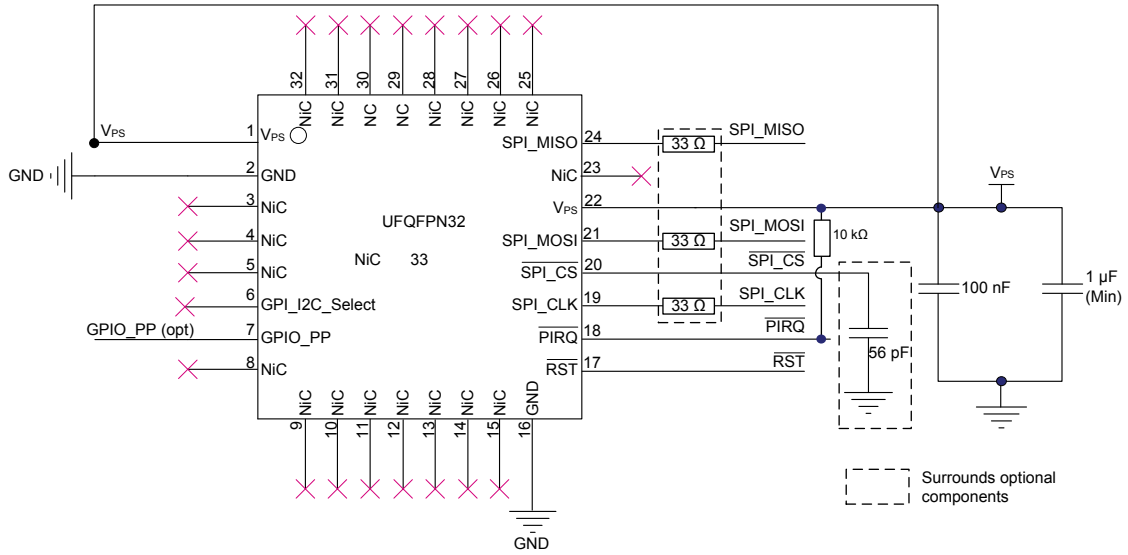
3.2 $\overline{\text{SPI\_CS}}$ optional filtering

Recommendation for SPI_CS integration: It is mandatory that SPI_CLK is at the low logic level when the falling edge occurs on the SPI_CS signal. An external capacitance of 56 pF is recommended on SPI_CS for that purpose. This capacitor might not be required depending on the intrinsic line capacitance, the SPI bus frequency, or both.

3.3 Device integration for SPI communication

The figure below shows the typical hardware implementation of the ST33KTPM2I device for *SPI* communication.

Figure 4. Typical hardware implementation for SPI communication (UFQFPN32 package)



Note: The use of a low-value resistor (typically 33 Ω) on SPI_MISO, SPI_MOSI and SPI_CLK can be recommended for line adaptation when the signals are affected by parasite spikes. Its use is mandatory to avoid disturbance of the ramp-up and ramp-down signals.

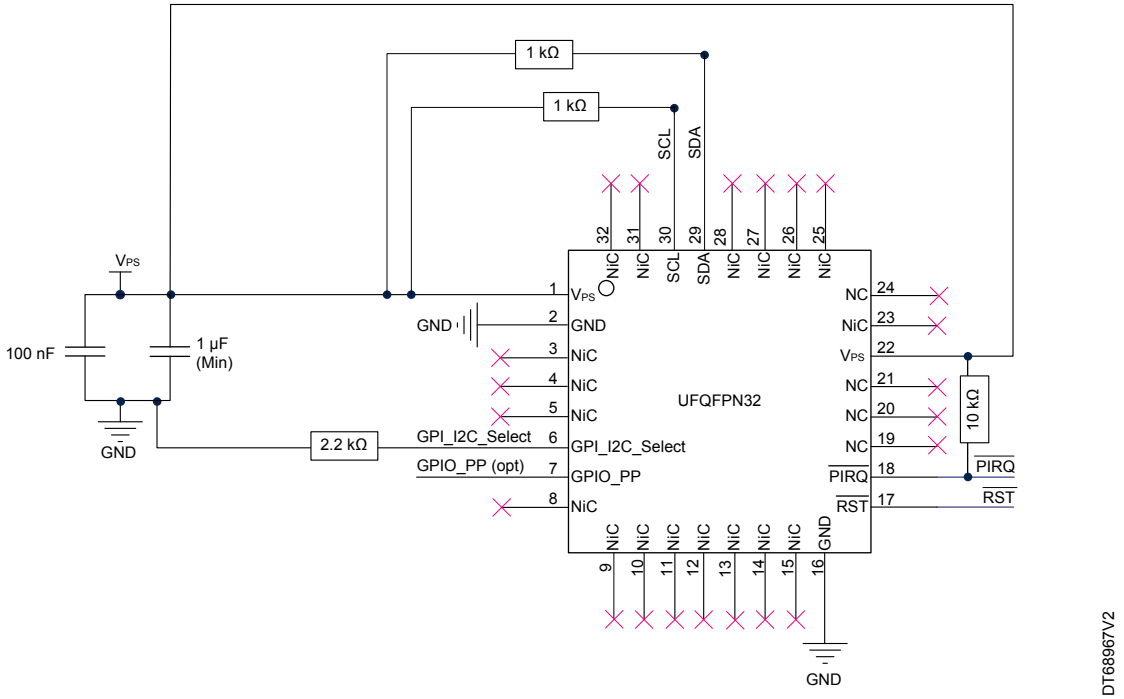
Note: The capacitor on $\overline{SPI\_CS}$ is optional (see Section 3.2 $\overline{SPI\_CS}$ optional filtering).

Note: The pull-up resistor on the PIRQ line is mandatory to optimize the power consumption in standby mode.

3.4 Device integration for I²C communication

The figure below shows the typical hardware implementation of the ST33KTPM2I device for *I²C* communication.

Figure 5. Typical hardware implementation for *I²C* communication (UFQFPN32 package)



Note: The pull-up resistor on the PIRQ line is mandatory to optimize the power consumption in standby mode.

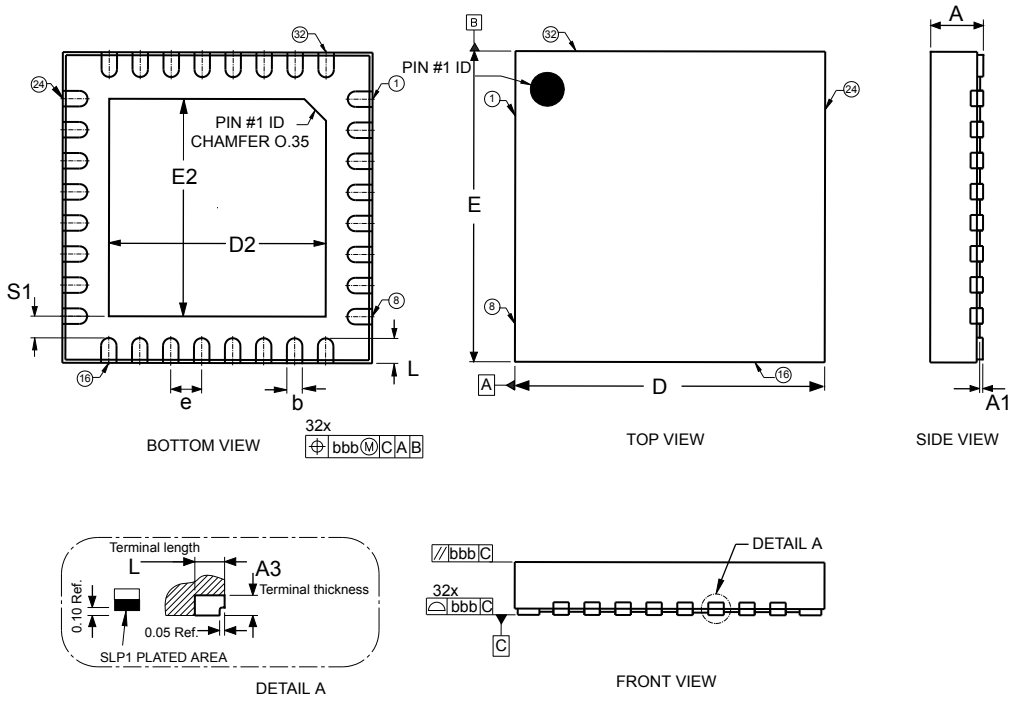
4 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK is an ST trademark.

4.1 UFQFPN32 package information

This UFQFPN is a 32 lead wettable flank, 5x5 mm, 0.5 mm pitch ultra thin fine pitch quad flat package.

Figure 6. UFQFPN32 - Outline



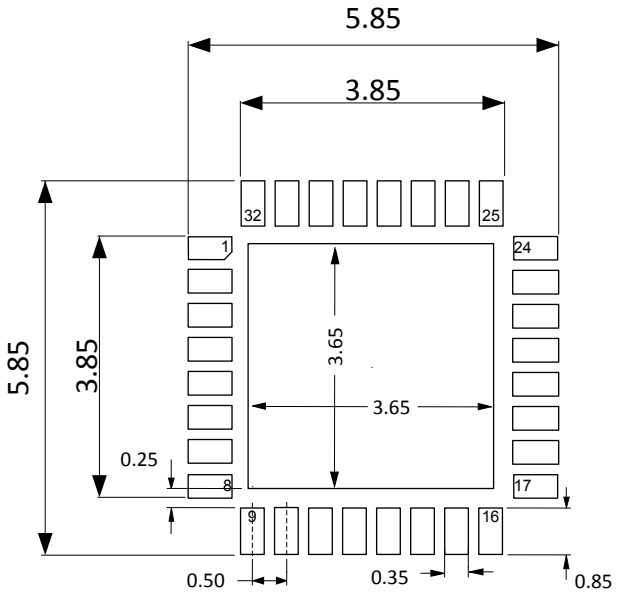
1. *Drawing is not to scale.*
2. *Coplanarity applies to the exposed pad as well as the terminal.*

Table 4. UFQFPN32 - Mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches[1]		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	0.50	0.55	0.65	0.0197	0.0217	0.0256
A1	-	0.05	-	-	0.0020	-
A3		0.152 ref.			0.0060 ref.	
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.0118	0.0157	0.0196
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	0.0071	0.0098	0.0118
D		5.00 BSC			0.1968 BSC	
E		5.00 BSC			0.1968 BSC	
e		0.50 BSC			0.0197 BSC	
D2	3.50	3.65	3.80	0.1377	0.1437	0.1496
E2	3.50	3.65	3.80	0.1377	0.1437	0.1496
S1		0.30 ref.			0.0118 ref.	
N[2]			32			
bbb	-	0.10	-	-	0.0039	-
ccc	-	0.10	-	-	0.0039	-
eee	-	0.08	-	-	0.0031	-

1. *Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.*
2. *Total number of terminals.*

Figure 7. UFQFPN32 - PCB footprint example



1. *Dimensions are expressed in millimetres.*
2. *Pin 1 is identified in the PCB footprint example. The location of this pin must be identified using the customer manufacturing process.*

4.1.1 Thermal characteristics of packages

The table below provides the thermal characteristics of the UFQFPN32 package.

Table 5. Thermal characteristics

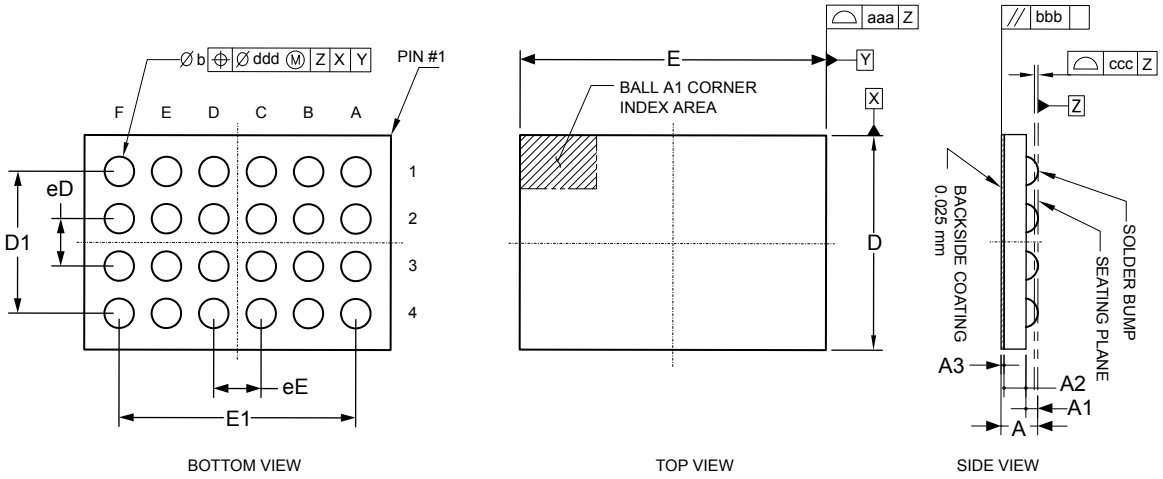
Parameter		Symbol	Value
Recommended operating temperature range	Ambient temperature	T_A	−40 to 105 °C
	Case temperature	T_C	-
	Junction temperature	T_J	−43 to 108 °C
Absolute maximum junction temperature		-	125 °C
Maximum power dissipation		-	66 mW
Theta-JA, -JB and -JC	Junction to ambient thermal resistance	θ_{JA}(1)	35 °C/W
	Junction to case thermal resistance	θ_{JC}	5 °C/W
	Junction to board thermal resistance	θ_{JB}	20 °C/W

1. *According to JESD51-2 (still air condition).*

4.2 WLCSP24 package information

This WLCSP is a 24-ball, 1.812 × 2.589 mm, 0.40 mm pitch, wafer level chip scale package.

Figure 8. WLCSP24 - Outline



1. *Drawing is not to scale.*
2. *Dimension is measured at the maximum bump diameter parallel to primary datum Z.*
3. *Primary datum Z and seating plane are defined by the spherical crowns of the ball.*
4. *Ball position designation as per JESD 95-1, SPP-010.*

Table 6. WLCSP24 - Mechanical data

Symbol	Millimeters			Inches[1]		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.290	0.310	0.330	0.0114	0.0122	0.0129
A1	0.090	0.100	0.100	0.0035	0.0039	0.0039
A2	0.173	0.185	0.198	0.0068	0.0072	0.0078
A3[2]	-	0.025	-	-	0.0010	-
b[3]	0.225	0.250	0.275	0.0088	0.0098	0.0108
D	1.787	1.812	1.837	0.0703	0.0713	0.0723
E	2.564	2.589	2.614	0.101	1.0102	0.103
eD	-	0.400	-	-	0.0157	-
eE	-	0.400	-	-	0.0157	-
D1	-	1.200	-	-	0.0472	
E1	-	2.000	-	-	0.0787	-
aaa	-	-	0.030	-	-	0.0012
bbb	-	-	0.060	-	-	0.0023
ccc	-	-	0.050	-	-	0.0020
ddd	-	-	0.015	-	-	0.0006

1. *Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 3 decimal digits.*
2. *Back side coating.*
3. *Dimension is measured at the maximum bump diameter parallel to primary datum Z.*

4.2.1 PCB design and reflow recommendations

The recommendations provided in this section apply to the WLCSP package only and must be considered as development guidance for PCB designer. It is linked to ST's package development and qualification procedure; as a result it must be fine-tuned and adapted according to customer process.

Figure 9. PCB landing pattern

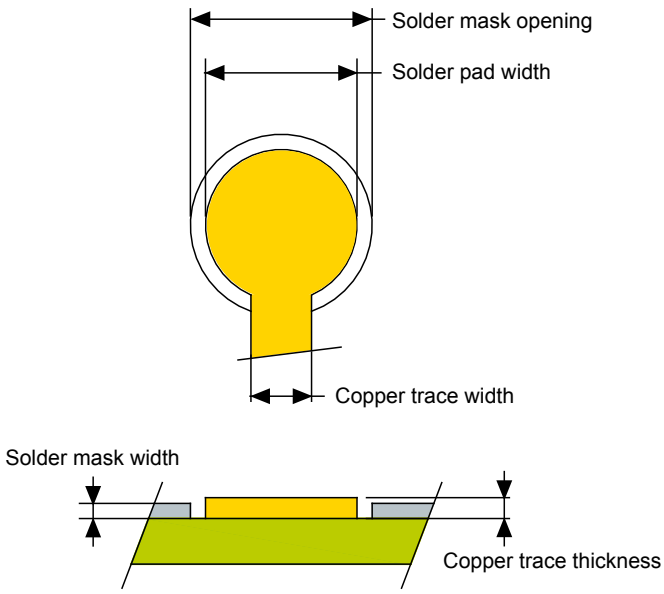


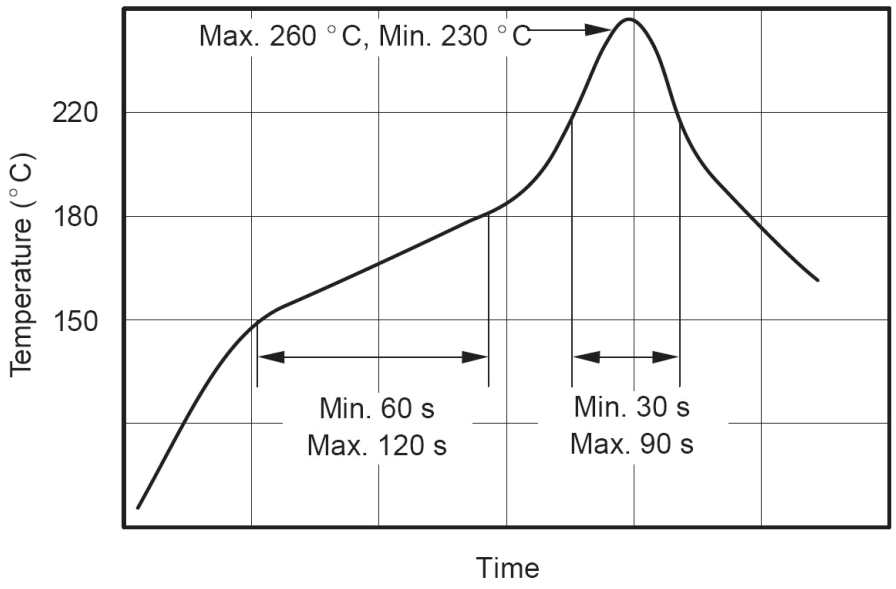
Table 7. WLCSP24 - Recommended PCB design rules

Dimension	Recommended values
Pitch	0.400 mm
Solder pad width	0.225 mm
Solder mask opening	0.275 mm
Solder mask thickness	0.025 mm
Copper trace thickness	0.030 mm
Copper trace width	0.080 mm

This package is compliant with the IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D specifications.

The ST WLCSP is ECOPACK compliant: In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers ECOPACK packages. These packages have a lead-free second-level interconnect. The category of second-level interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at www.st.com.

Figure 10. Reflow soldering temperature profile



The previous figure shows the reflow soldering temperature profile (°C versus time) and the table below provides the critical reflow parameters (typical values).

Table 8. Critical reflow parameters

Parameter	Value (typical)
Process step Lead-free solder: Ramp rate	3 °C/s
Pre-heat	150 °C to 180 °C, 60 to 180 seconds
Time above liquidus (TAL)	220 °C, 30 to 90 seconds
Peak temperature	255 °C ±5 °C
Time within 5 °C of peak temperature	10 to 20 seconds
Ramp-down rate	6 °C/s maximum

5 Delivery packing

5.1 UFQFPN32 - tape and reel delivery packing

Surface-mount packages can be supplied with tape and reel packing. The reels have a 13" typical diameter.

Reels are in plastic, either anti-static or conductive, with a black conductive cavity tape. The cover tape is transparent anti-static or conductive.

The devices are positioned in the cavities with the identifying pin (normally Pin “1”) on the same side as the sprocket holes in the tape.

The STMicroelectronics tape and reel specifications are compliant with the EIA 481-A standard specification.

Table 9. UFQFPN32 - Packages on tape and reel

Package	Description	Tape width	Tape pitch	Reel diameter	Quantity per reel
UFQFPN32	Ultra thin fine pitch quad flat pack no-lead package	12 mm	8 mm	13 in.	3000

Figure 11. UFQFPN32 - Reel diagram

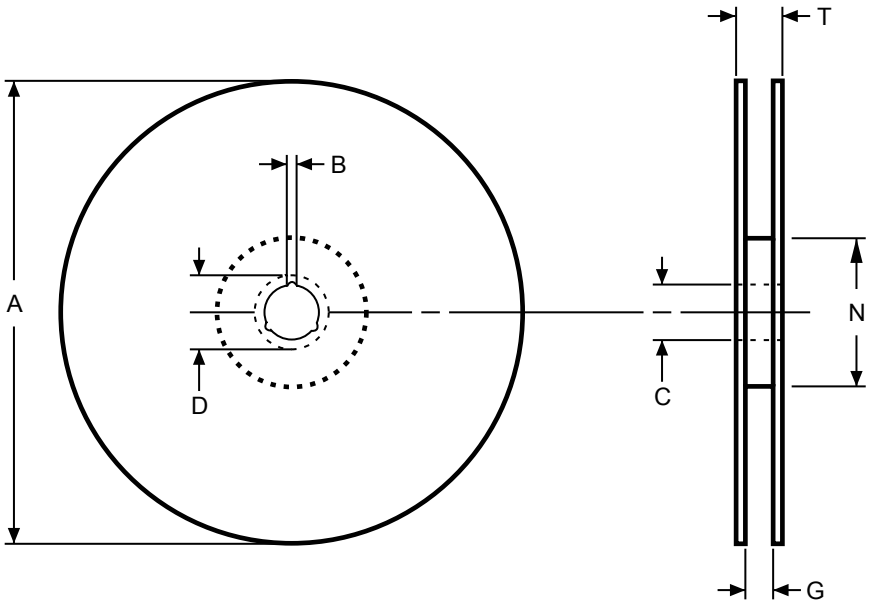
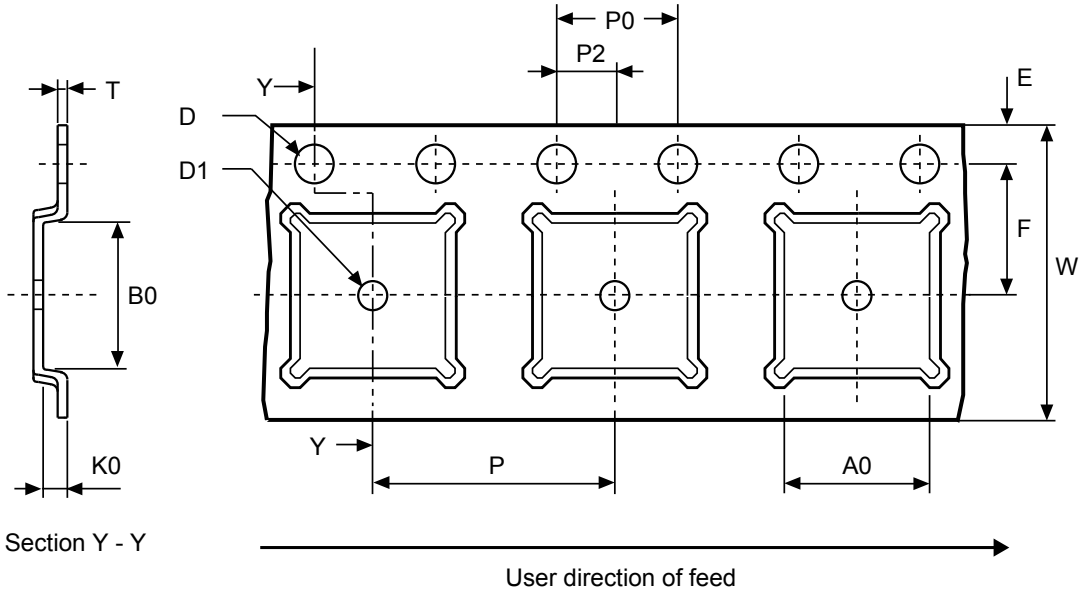


Table 10. UFQFPN32 - Reel dimensions

Reel size	Tape width	A Max.	B Min.	C	D Min.	G Max.	N Min.	T Max.	Unit
13”	16	330	1.5	13 ±0.2	20.2	16.4 +2/–0	100	22.4	mm
	12					12.6		18.4	

Figure 12. **UFQFPN32 - Embossed carrier tape**



1. *Drawing is not to scale.*

Figure 13. **UFQFPN32 - Chip orientation in the embossed carrier tape**

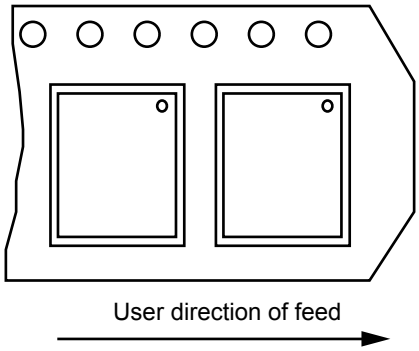


Table 11. **UFQFPN32 - Carrier tape dimensions**

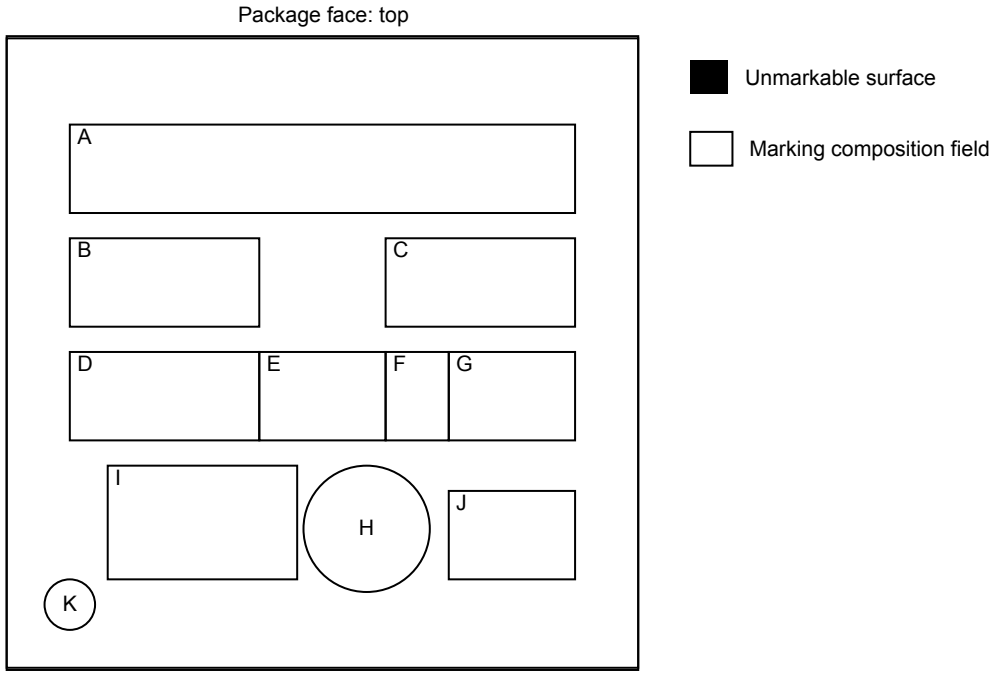
Package	A0	B0	K0	D1 Min.	P	P2	D	P0	E	F	W	T Max.	Unit
UFQFPN 5×5	5.3 ±0.1	5.3 ±0.1	0.75 ±0.1	1.5	8 ±0.1	2 ±0.05	1.55 ±0.05	4 ±0.1	1.75 ±0.1	5.5 ±0.1	12 ±0.3	0.3 ±0.05	mm

6 Package marking information

6.1 UFQFPN32 package marking information

Parts marked as E or ES (for engineering sample) are not yet qualified and therefore not approved for use in production. ST is not responsible for any consequences resulting from such use. In no event will ST be liable for the customer using any of these engineering samples in production. ST's Quality department must be contacted prior to any decision to use these engineering samples to run a qualification activity.

Figure 14. UFQFPN32 - Standard marking example



Legend:

A: Marking area – Up to 8 digits

B: Marking area – 3 digits

C: BE sequence (LLL)

D: Country of origin (3 characters allowed (max.))

E: Assembly plant (PP)

F: Assembly year (Y)

G: Assembly week (WW)

H: Second level interconnect

I: Standard STMicroelectronics logo

J: Diffusion traceability plant (WX)

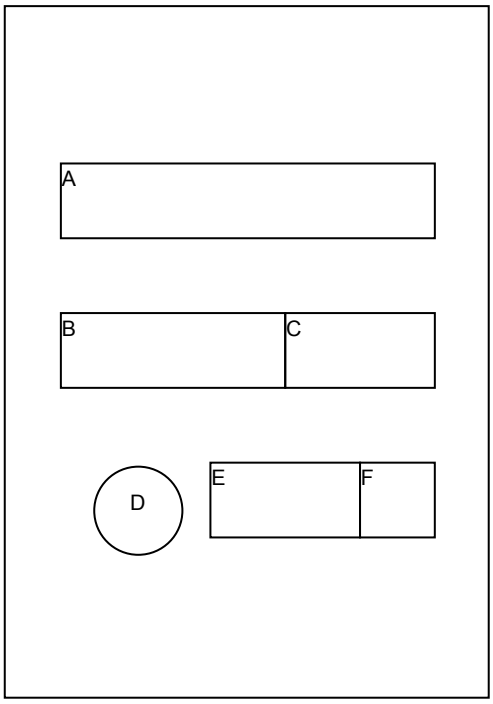
K: Dot(1)

1. *The dot on the back side indicates the pin 1 location.*

6.2 WLCSP24 package marking information

Parts marked as E or ES (for engineering sample) are not yet qualified and therefore not approved for use in production. STMicroelectronics is not responsible for any consequences resulting from such use. In no event will STMicroelectronics be liable for the customer using any of these engineering samples in production. STMicroelectronics Quality department must be contacted prior to any decision to use these engineering samples to run a qualification activity.

Figure 15. WLCSP24 package standard marking example (top view)



Caption:

A: Marking area (5 characters)
B: Marking area (3 characters)
C: Assembly plant (PP)
D: Dot (The dot on the marking side indicates the A1 ball location on the ball side.)
E: Assembly week (WW)
F: Assembly year (Y)

7 Ordering information

Table 12. **Ordering information**

Ordering code	Package	Factory firmware version	Supported interfaces	Marking area A	Marking area B
ST33KTPM2IWLBZA9	WLCSP24	10.257	I²C or SPI	KTPMI	ZA9
ST33KTPM2I3WBZA9	UFQFPN32 WF				

8 Support and information

Additional information regarding ST TPM devices can be obtained from the www.st.com website.

For any specific support information you can contact STMicroelectronics through the following e-mail: *tpmsupport@stmicroelectronics.onmicrosoft.com*.

STMicroelectronics has put in place a Product Security Incident Response Team (ST PSIRT). We encourage you to report any potential security vulnerability that you might suspect in our products through the ST PSIRT web page: https://www.st.com/psirt.

Appendix A Referenced documents

The following materials are to be used in conjunction with or are referenced by this document.

[TPM 2.0 P1 r159]	TPM Library, Part 1, Architecture, Family 2.0, rev 1.59, TCG
[TPM 2.0 P2 r159]	TPM Library, Part 2, Structures, Family 2.0, rev 1.59, TCG
[TPM 2.0 P3 r159]	TPM Library, Part 3, Commands, Family 2.0, rev 1.59, TCG
[TPM 2.0 P4 r159]	TPM Library, Part 4, Supporting routines, Family 2.0, rev 1.59, TCG
[TPM 2.0 rev159 Err 1.4]	Errata Version 1.4 for Trusted Platform Module Library Family 2.0 Revision 1.59, TCG
[PTP 2.0 r1.05]	TCG PC Client Platform TPM Profile (PTP) for TPM 2.0 Version 1.05 Revision 14, TCG
[PKCS#1]	PKCS#1: v2.1 RSA Cryptography Standard, RSA Laboratories
[AN2639]	Application note, Soldering recommendations and package information for Lead-free ECOPACK microcontrollers, STMicroelectronics
[TCG EK Cre Profile TPM 2.3]	TCG EK credential profile for TPM Family 2.0 Level 0. Specification Version 2.3 Revision 2, 23 July 2020, TCG.
[TPM 2.0 PP]	TCG Protection Profile for PC Client Specific TPM 2.0 Library Revision 1.59; Version 1.3
[SP800-90B]	Recommendation for the entropy sources used for random bit generation, January 2018, NIST
[SP800-90Ar1]	Recommendation for random number generation using deterministic random bit generators, June 2015, NIST

Revision history

Table 13. **Document revision history**

Date	Revision	Changes
15-Dec-2023	1	Initial release.

Glossary

3D Three-dimensional

AES Advanced encryption standard

CA Certification Authority

CC Common Criteria

CRT Chinese remainder theorem

DES Data encryption standard

DRBG Deterministic random bit generator

DXE Driver execution environment

EC Elliptic curve

ECC Elliptic curve cryptography

ECDA Elliptic curve direct anonymous attestation

ECDAA Elliptic curve direct anonymous attestation (algorithm)

ECDH Elliptic curve Diffie–Hellman

ECDSA Elliptic curve digital signature algorithm

EK Endorsement key

ESD Electrostatic discharge

FIPS Federal Information Processing Standards

GPIO General purpose input/output

HBM Human body model

HMAC Hash-based message authentication code or keyed-hash message authentication code

I²C Inter-integrated circuit

MCU Microcontroller unit

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology

NV Nonvolatile

PKCS Public key cryptographic standards

PSS Probabilistic signature scheme

RNG Random number generator

RSA Public-key cryptosystem (created by Ron Rivest, Adi Shamir and Leonard Adleman)

RSAES Rivest Shamir Adelman encryption/decryption scheme

RSASSA Rivest Shamir Adelman signature scheme with appendix

SHA Secure Hash algorithm

SPI Serial peripheral interface

TCG Trusted Computing Group®

TDES Triple DES cryptographic algorithm

TPM Trusted platform module

TRNG True random number generator

TSS TPM software stack

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